



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

NEWS AND NOTES

INSTITUT INTERNATIONAL DE SOCIOLOGIE

The officers of the Institut International de Sociologie for the year 1919, as announced in the *Revue internationale de sociologie*, are as follows: President, Sr. Luigi Luzzatti, deputy, minister of state, formerly president of the Italian council of ministers, professor at the University of Rome; Vice-Presidents (in alphabetical order): Sr. Rafael Altamira, senator, professor of history at the University of Madrid; M. Alexandre Ribot, senator, formerly president of the council of ministers, president of the Sociological Society of Paris; Dr. Edward A. Ross, professor of sociology at the University of Wisconsin, formerly president of the American Sociological Society; General Secretary, M. René Worms, editor of the *Revue internationale de sociologie*; Treasurer, M. P. L. Manouvrier, professor of physiological anthropology at the School of Anthropology; Critic, M. Charles Gide, professor of comparative social economy of the Faculty of Law of the University of Paris.

AMERICAN SOCIOLOGICAL SOCIETY

The next Annual Meeting of the American Sociological Society will not be held in Lexington, Kentucky, as previously announced, but in Chicago, Illinois, December 29-31, 1919, with headquarters at the La Salle Hotel. The American Economic Association and other allied societies will meet in Chicago at the same time.

NATIONAL CONFERENCE OF SOCIAL WORKERS

The Forty-sixth Annual Meeting of Social Workers at Atlantic City, June 1-8, possessed certain outstanding characteristics: the unusually large attendance; the participation, upon the program, of visiting experts in child welfare from foreign countries; the effectiveness of the well-planned general sessions; the increasing interest in the developing fields of the local community, mental hygiene, the organization of social forces, and the uniting of native and foreign born; and the emergence of two groups within the conference, one which adheres to its

traditional policy as a forum of discussion and exchange of experience, and one which proposes the formulation of programs of social action.

The growing interest and participation of our colleges and universities in the field of social work were evinced in the place on the program allotted to their representatives. The two addresses, both given at general sessions, "The Wartime Gains of the American Family," by Professor James H. Tufts, of the University of Chicago, and "The Treatment of Immigrant Heritages," by Professor Herbert A. Miller, of Oberlin College, contributed original and fundamental standpoints to an understanding and solution of our problems of the family and of the immigrant as related to the after-effects of the war. Papers by Professor Dwight Sanderson, of Cornell University, on "Rural Social Work," by Professor E. C. Branson, of the University of North Carolina, on "The North Carolina Scheme of Rural Development," and by Professor E. L. Morgan, of the Massachusetts Agricultural College, on "Mobilizing the Rural Community for Results," helped to draw the attention of social workers to the aspects of the rural problem which differentiate it from the urban situation. Other papers were given by Professor Ellsworth Faris, of Iowa State University, on "The State Program of the Iowa Child Welfare Research Station"; by Professor Edward S. Ames, of the University of Chicago, on "The Moral Education of the Training-School Inmate"; by Professor F. S. Chapin, of Smith College, on "Relations of Sociology and Social Case Work"; by Professor James Ford, of Harvard University, on "Can Education and Recreation Be Combined in Self-governing and Self-supporting Community Houses?" and by Professor Manuel C. Elmer, of the University of Kansas, on "How to Organize the Small Town for Community Work."

NORWEGIAN NOBEL INSTITUTE

The Norwegian Nobel Institute at Christiania announces that it has resolved to set up for international competition the following subject: "An Account of the History of the Free Trade Movement in the Nineteenth Century and its Bearing on the International Peace Movement."

The essays can be written in English, French, or German, or in one of the Scandinavian languages. The author of the eventual Prize essay will be remunerated with kr. 5,000.00—five thousand Norwegian crowns. His work will then become the property of the Norwegian Nobel Institute. The essays bearing an epigraph and accompanied

with a sealed envelope containing the name of the author must be sent in to the Norwegian Nobel Institute, 19 Drammensvei, Christiania, before July 1, 1922.

TEXAS INFORMATION BUREAU

At the instance of the Texas Colleges Association, the educational institutions and other cultural organizations of the state have formed the Texas Information Bureau. Its purpose is "to receive and gather information as to lecturers, publicists, demonstrators, musicians, or exponents of literature, political science, economics, art, music, drama, or anything of cultural or accepted value, to the end that all members of the Bureau may have their earliest information of available attractions, their claims for value, and tentative expense." The Bureau is organized on a service and not a profit basis, and will be a clearing-house for the dissemination of cultural and social knowledge in the communities throughout the state. The officers of the Bureau are: Chairman, Professor W. D. Hornaday, of the University of Texas; Vice-Chairman, Dr. S. L. Hornbeak, of Trinity University; and Executive Secretary, Elmer Scott, of the Civic Federation of Dallas.

BROWN UNIVERSITY

Harold Stephen Bucklin, Ph.D., has been made assistant professor in social science.

UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO

Dr. Ellsworth Faris, acting director and research professor in sociology of the Iowa Child Welfare Research Station and professor of psychology in the State University of Iowa, has accepted an appointment to a professorship in sociology in the University of Chicago. Dr. Faris will develop the work in social and racial psychology in the department of sociology.

Professor E. C. Hayes, of the University of Illinois, is offering two courses in sociology in the first term of the Summer Quarter, after which he will give a two weeks' course of lectures at the State Teachers College of Colorado.

Dr. Edith Abbott has returned to the University after completing an investigation in England for the Carnegie corporation.

UNIVERSITY OF CINCINNATI

Dr. William H. Parker, assistant professor of social science, who has been absent on leave for war service, will resume his work in the department in the autumn.

COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY

Professor W. F. Ogburn, head of the department of sociology in the University of Washington, has resigned to accept a professorship in sociology at Columbia University. During the war Professor Ogburn served as statistician for the National War Labor Board at Washington.

GOUCHER COLLEGE

Dr. E. B. Reuter and Mr. Stuart A. Queen, of the University of Illinois, and Dr. R. W. Stone, of the University of Chicago, have accepted appointments as assistant professors in the department of social science.

MIDDLEBURY COLLEGE

Dr. John M. Thomas has resumed the presidency after having had charge of a social center at Camp Merritt for six months.

UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA

Dr. Ross L. Finney has been appointed professor of educational sociology. He will be connected with the College of Education and the department of sociology.

Dr. Manuel C. Elmer, associate professor of sociology at the University of Kansas, has resigned to accept a position as associate professor of sociology at the University of Minnesota.

TOLEDO UNIVERSITY

Dr. Charles J. Bushnell has been elected professor of social science at this municipal university. Since 1901, when he received the Ph.D. degree at the University of Chicago, Dr. Bushnell has held professorships of social science and administrative positions in several colleges and universities, including Grinnell College, Lawrence College, the State Agricultural College of Oklahoma, and Pacific University, where

he was for four years president. Besides academic teaching and administration, Dr. Bushnell has been active in civic improvement work. For five summers he was organizer and supervisor of public play in several cities, including Cleveland, Washington, D.C., and Indianapolis; was for one season in the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, and two seasons on the Chautauqua lecture platform—last summer under the direction of the federal government.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA

Professor Frank W. Blackmar, head of the department of sociology of the University of Kansas, will offer a course in "Fundamentals of Sociology" and another in "Eugenics" in the summer school.